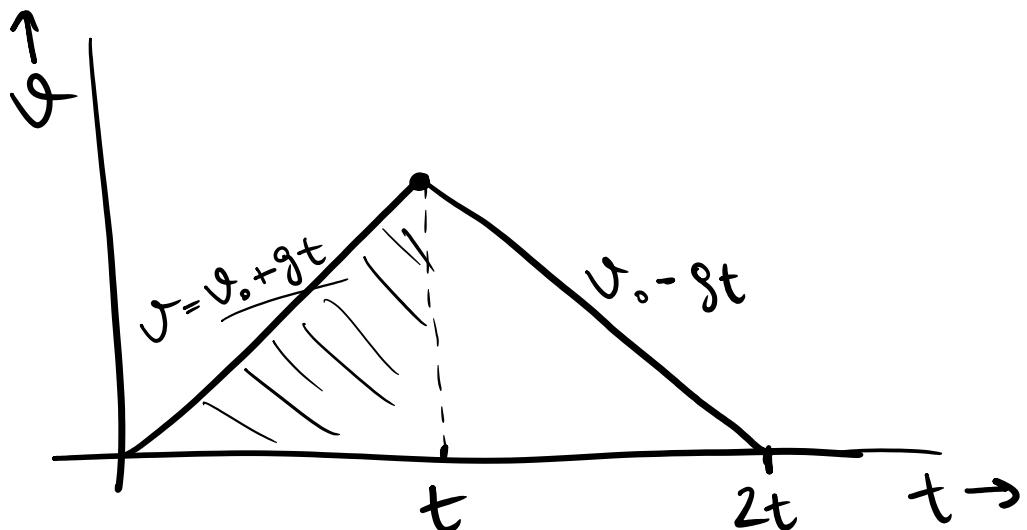


$$\text{Average Velocity} = \frac{\int f \cdot dt}{\int dt} = \frac{\bar{f} dt}{t}$$

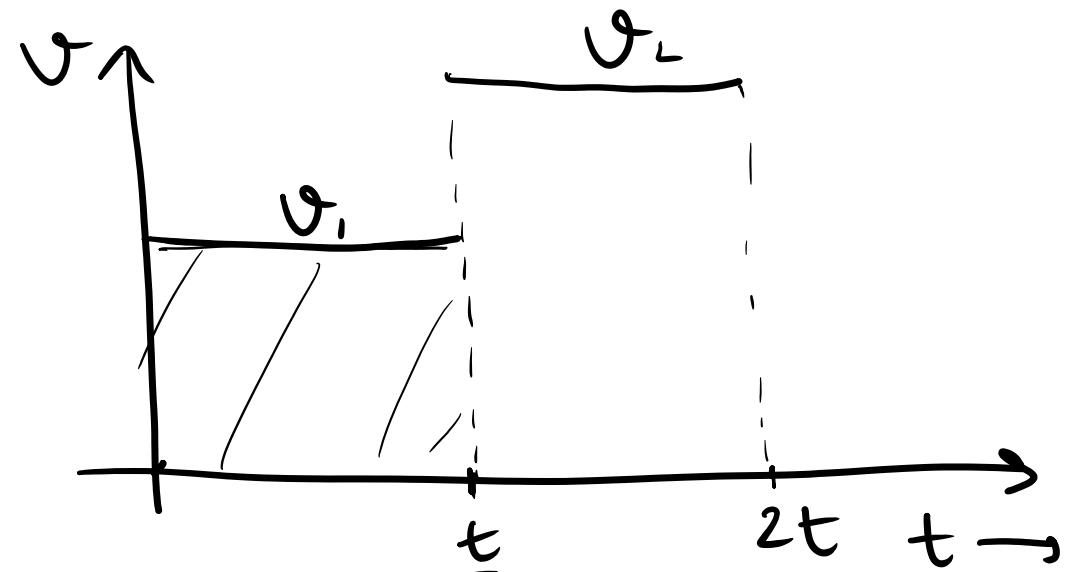
$$\text{Average} = \frac{\int f(t) \cdot dt}{\int dt} = \frac{\int f(t) dt}{t}$$



$$f(t) = t^2 + 2t + 5$$



$$\frac{\int_0^t (\vartheta_0 + gt) \cdot dt}{\int_0^t dt} + \frac{\int_t^{2t} (\vartheta_0 - gt) \cdot dt}{\int_t^{2t} dt}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{v}_{av} &= \frac{\int v dt}{\int dt} \\
 &= \frac{\int_{\vartheta_1}^{\vartheta_2} dt + \int_{\vartheta_2}^0 dt}{[t]_0^{2t}} \\
 &= \frac{[\vartheta_1 t]_0^t + [\vartheta_2 t]_t^{2t}}{2t - 0} \\
 &= (\vartheta_1 + \vartheta_2)/2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$v = 4t^3 - 2t$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \underline{12t^2 - 2} = a = 12(2) - 2 \\ = 22 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\int v dt = \int 4t^3 dt - \int 2t dt$$

$$\int_0^2 = t^4 - t^2$$

$$2 = t^4 - t^2 = \underline{\underline{t^2(t^2 - 1)} = 2}$$

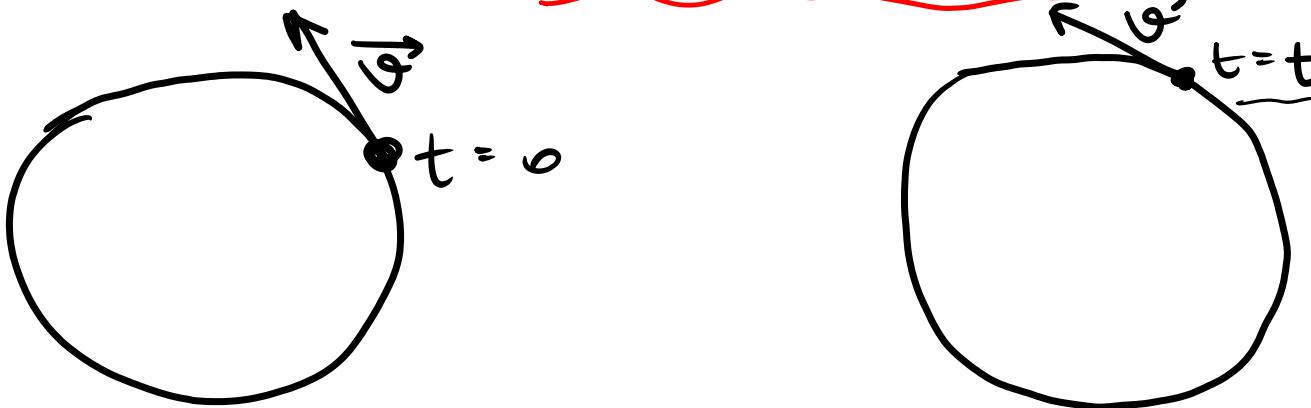
$$4t - t^2 = y$$

$$\underline{y(y-1)} = 2$$

$$\underline{y = 2}$$

$$t^2 = 2 \\ t = \sqrt{2}$$

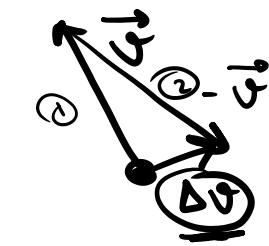
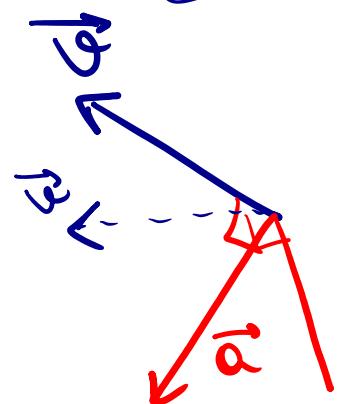
Circular Motion



$$|\vec{\omega}| = \text{Same}$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \omega = \frac{v^2}{r} \quad (\perp) \text{ Centripetal acceleration}$$

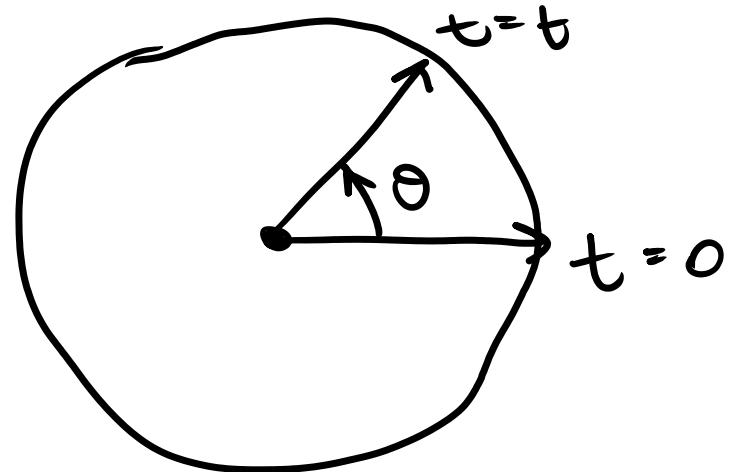
Changing direction



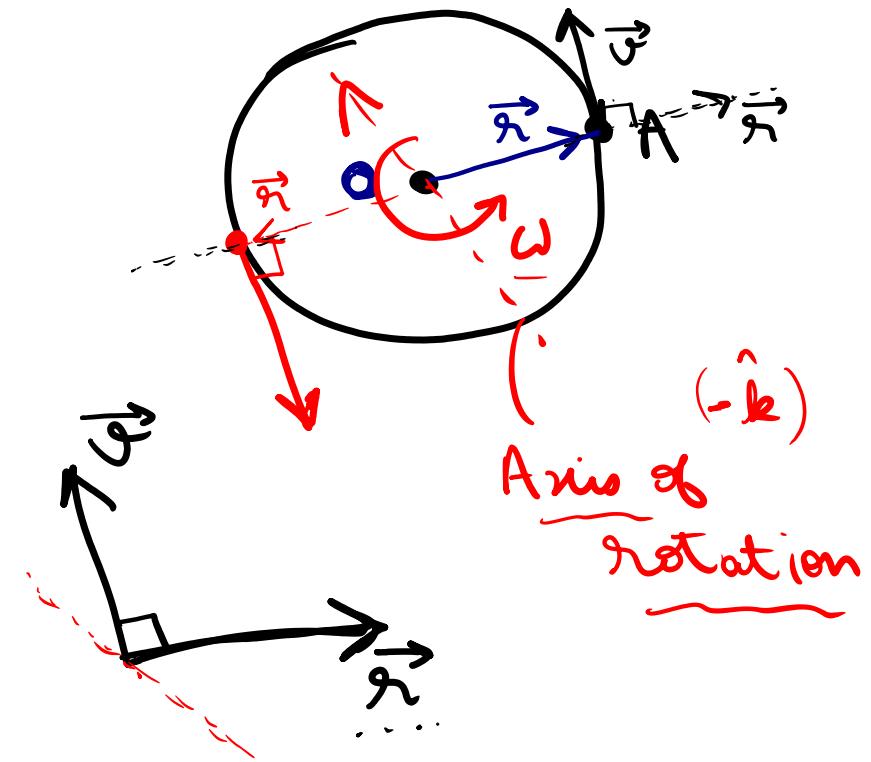
$$v = r\omega$$

$$\omega = v/r$$

Angular velocity



$$\vec{v} = \vec{r} \times \vec{\omega}$$



Linear

S

v

a

$$v^2 - u^2 = 2as$$

Circular



$$l = \underline{r} \theta$$

w

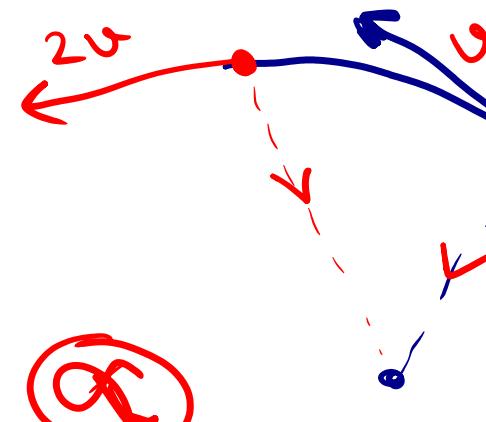
$$\frac{dl}{dt} = \underline{r} \underline{\omega}$$

α

$$v = rw$$

$$a = r\alpha$$

$$\omega_f^2 - \omega_i^2 = 2\alpha\theta$$



$$\underline{a}_c = \underline{v}^2/r$$

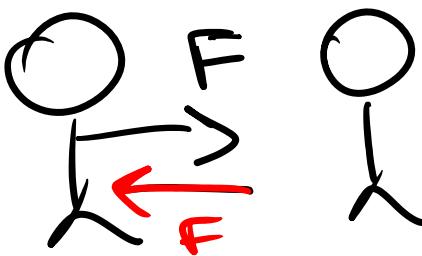
$$= \underline{\omega}^2 r$$

$$\omega_f - \omega_i = \underline{\alpha} t$$

Newton's Law

$$\sum \overrightarrow{F}_{\text{ext}} = M \overrightarrow{a}_{\text{net}}$$

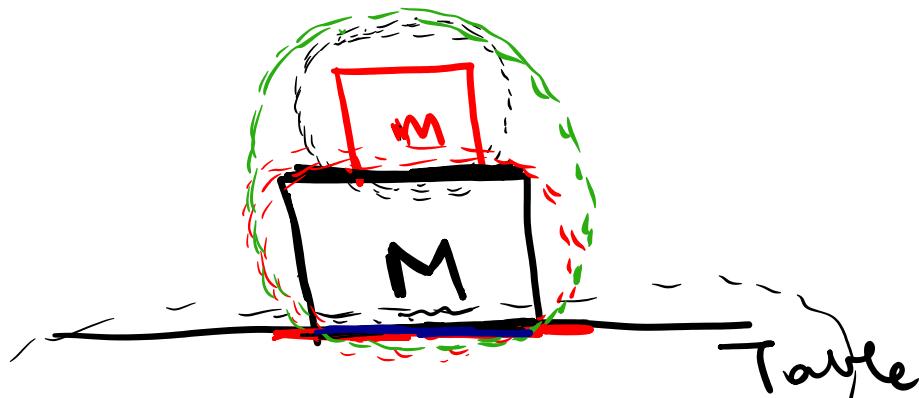
iii)



Action - reaction Pairs
Always ACT ON DIFFERENT
BODIES

FBD

i) Define your frame of reference. Define your system

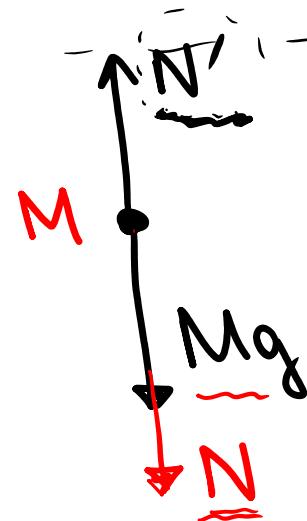
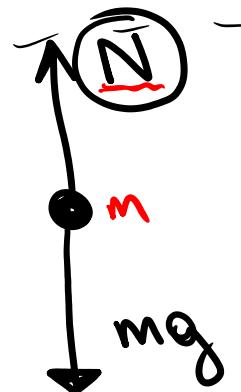


Earth

$$\sum F_{\text{ext}} = 0$$

$$N - mg = 0$$

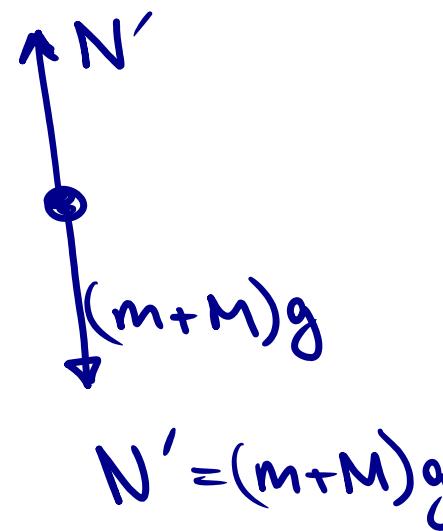
$$\underline{N = mg}$$



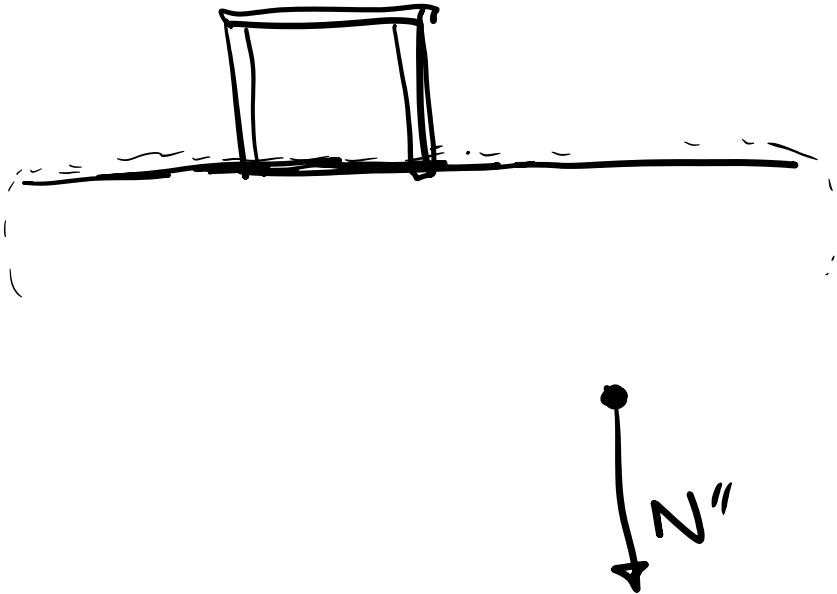
$$N + Mg - N' = 0$$

$$\underline{mg + Mg} = N'$$

- i) m
- ii) M
- iii) (m + M)



$$N' = (m+M)g$$



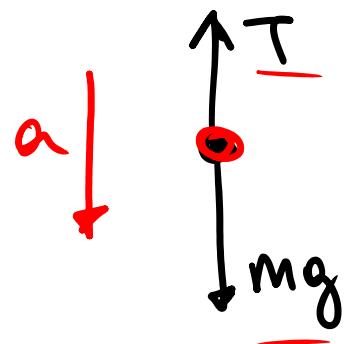
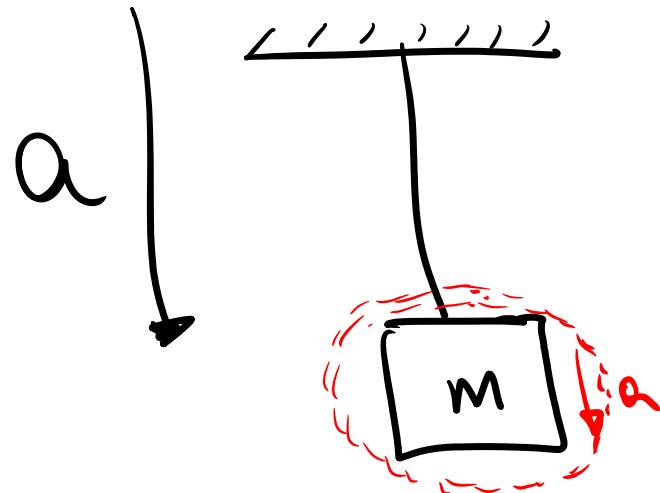
FBD \Rightarrow the Table



$$\begin{aligned}
 N'' &= 2mg + \underline{N'} \\
 &= 2mg + mg + Mg
 \end{aligned}$$

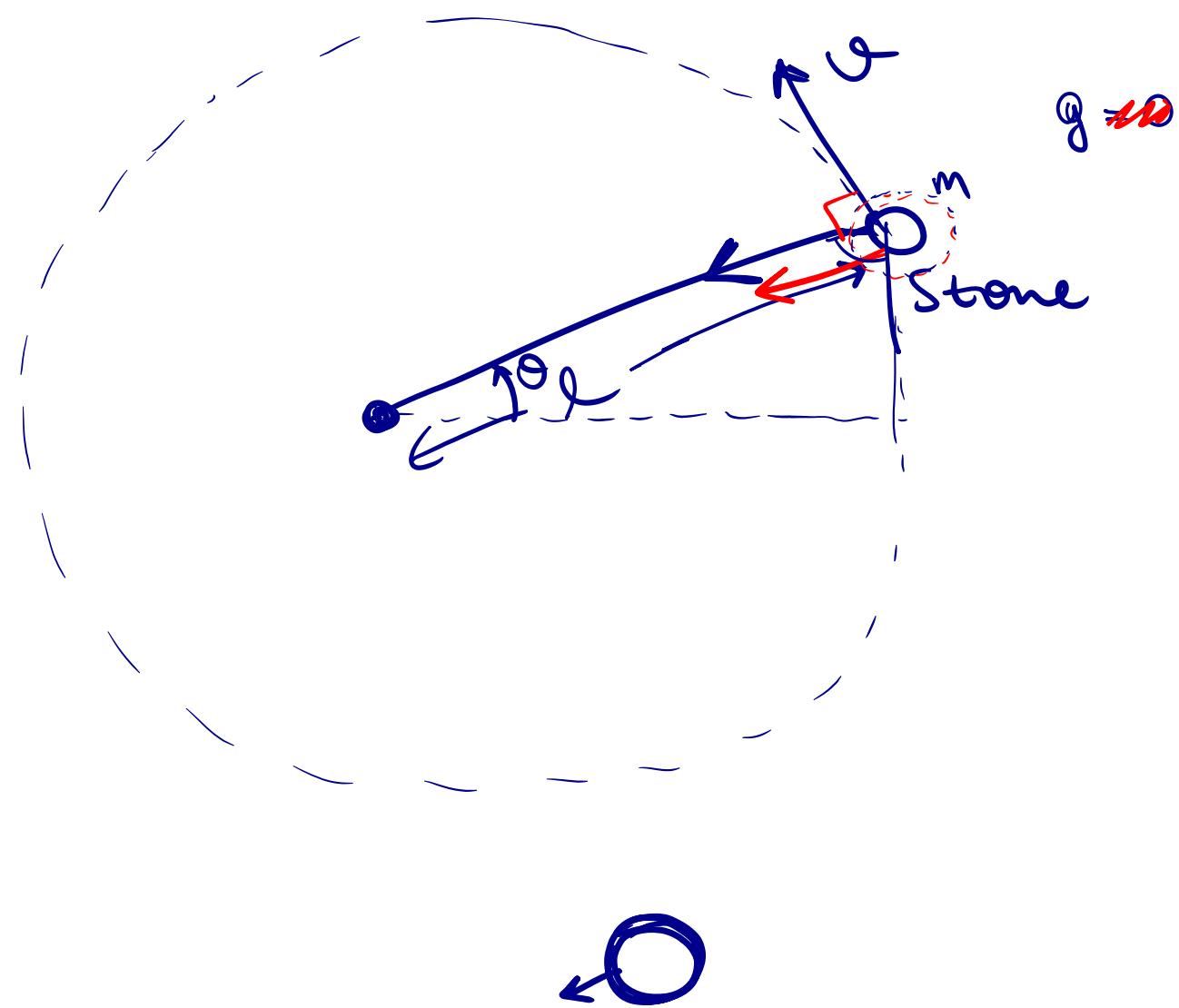
NORMAL \perp to
Surface
PUSH FORCE

Tension force

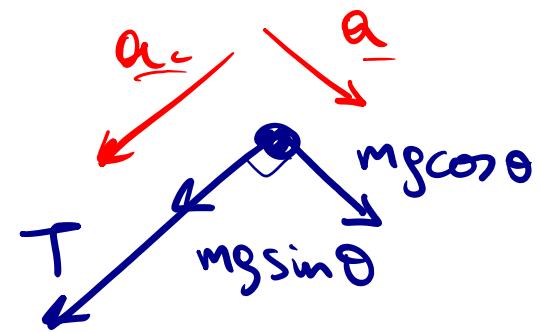
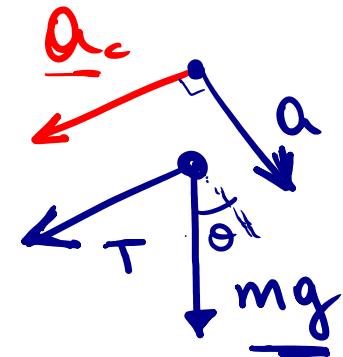


PULLING FORCE

$$\frac{\sum F_{\text{net}} = ma_{\text{net}}}{mg - T = ma}$$

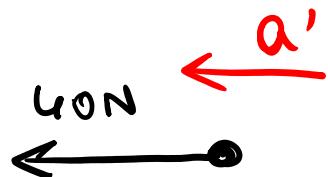
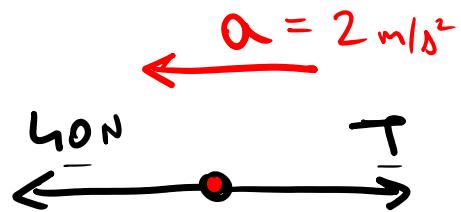
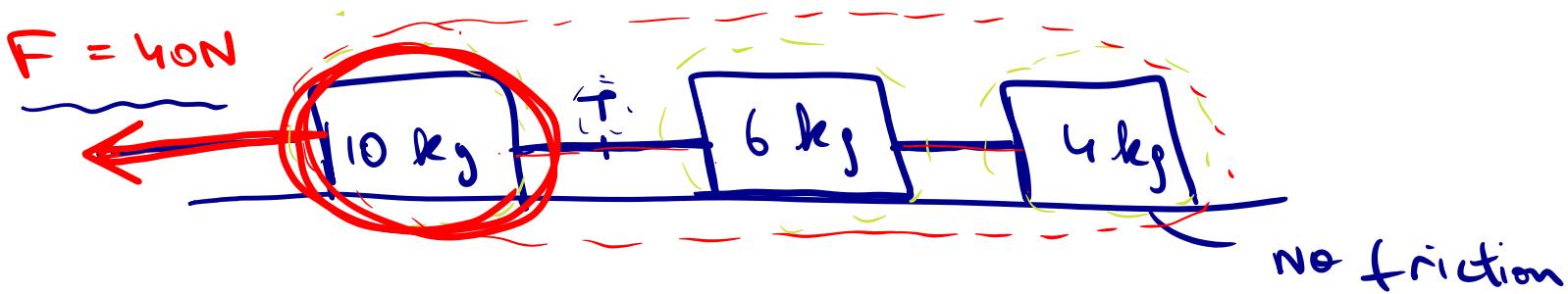


$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}$$



$$T + mg \sin \theta = m v^2 / r$$

$$mg \cos \theta = ma$$

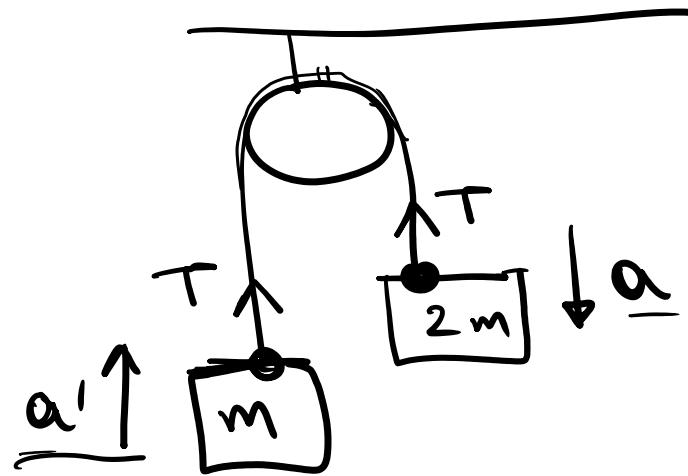


$$40 = (20)a'$$

$$a' = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$40 - T = 20$$

$$\boxed{T = 20}$$



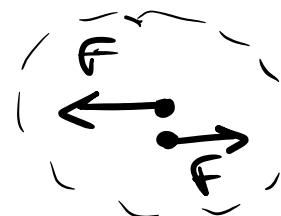
$$\vec{T} \cdot \vec{a}' + \vec{T} \cdot \vec{a} = 0$$

$$T a' - T a = 0$$

$$a = a'$$

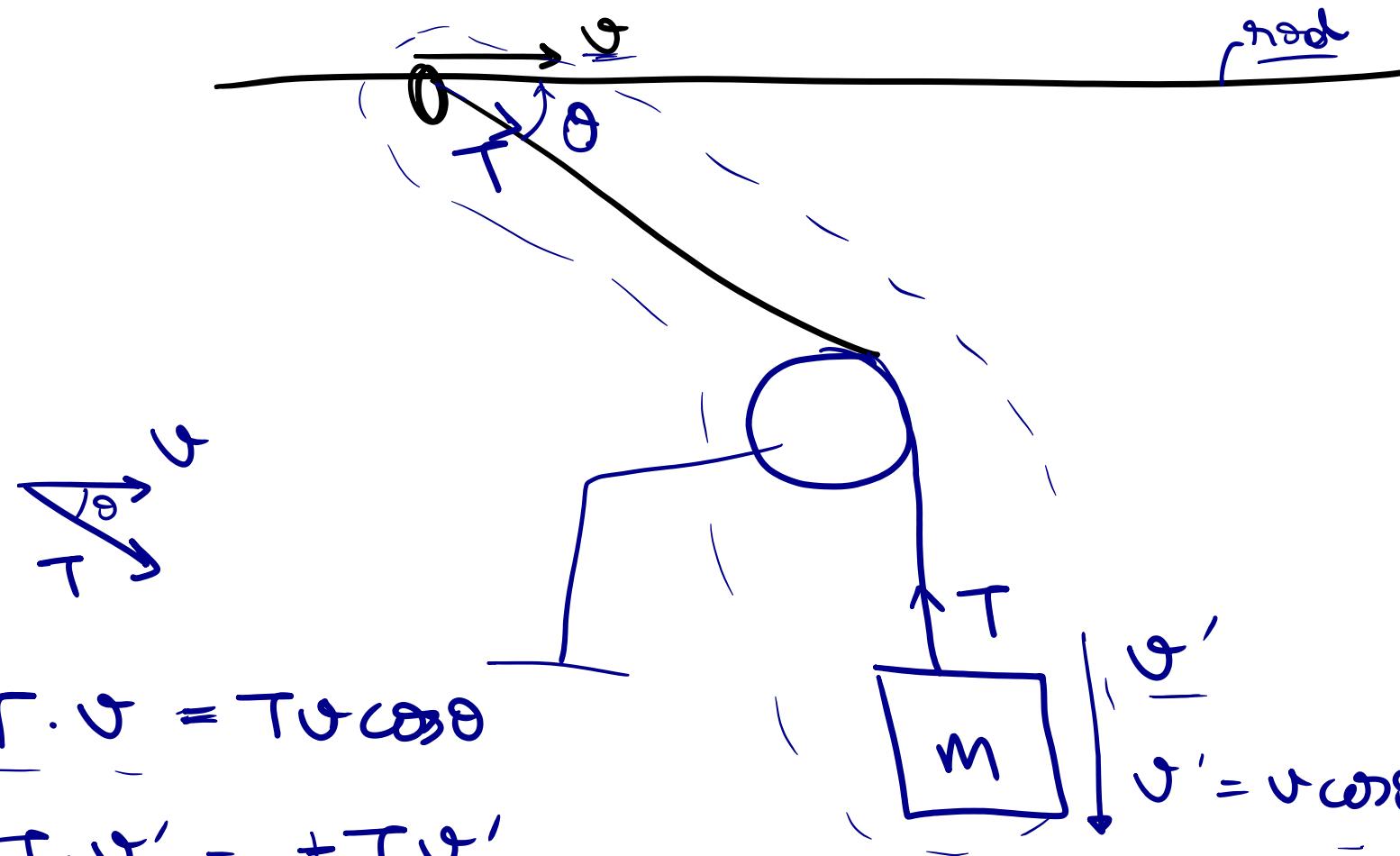
$\sum F = 0$
 $T = T$
 $m = 0$

$$\sum T \cdot a = 0 \quad \checkmark$$



$$\frac{d \sum T \cdot n}{d T \cdot v} = 0$$

$$T \cdot a' = 0$$

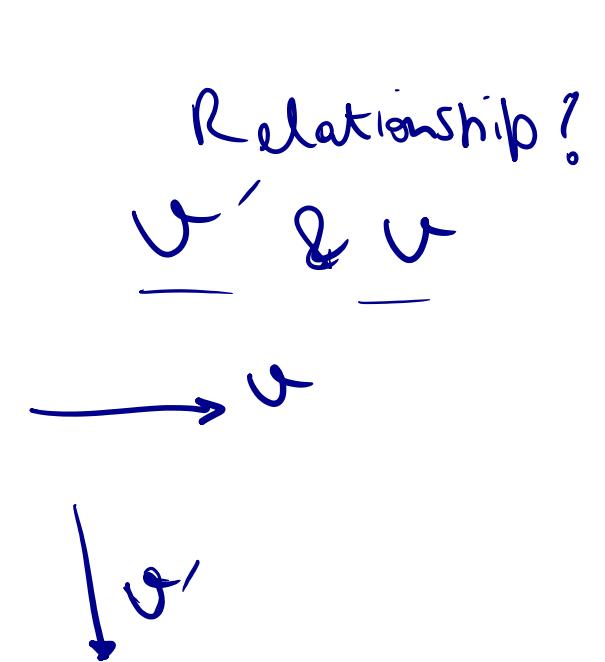


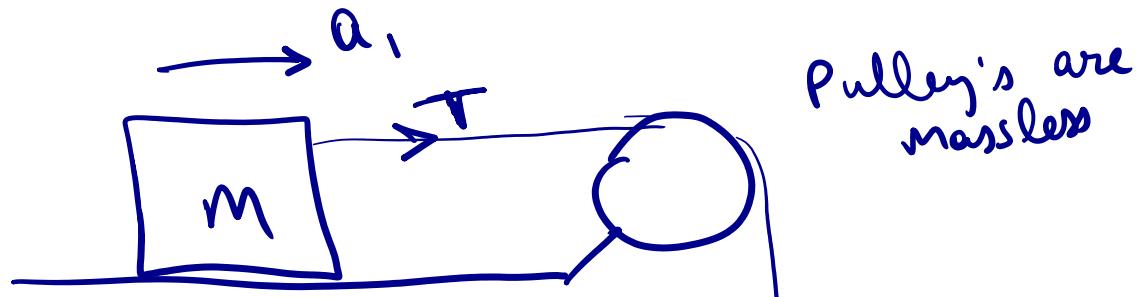
$$\underline{T} \cdot \underline{v} = T v \cos \theta$$

$$\underline{T} \cdot \underline{v}' = +T v'$$

$$T v \cos \theta + T v' = 0$$

$$\underline{-v \cos \theta} = \underline{v'}$$





Relation

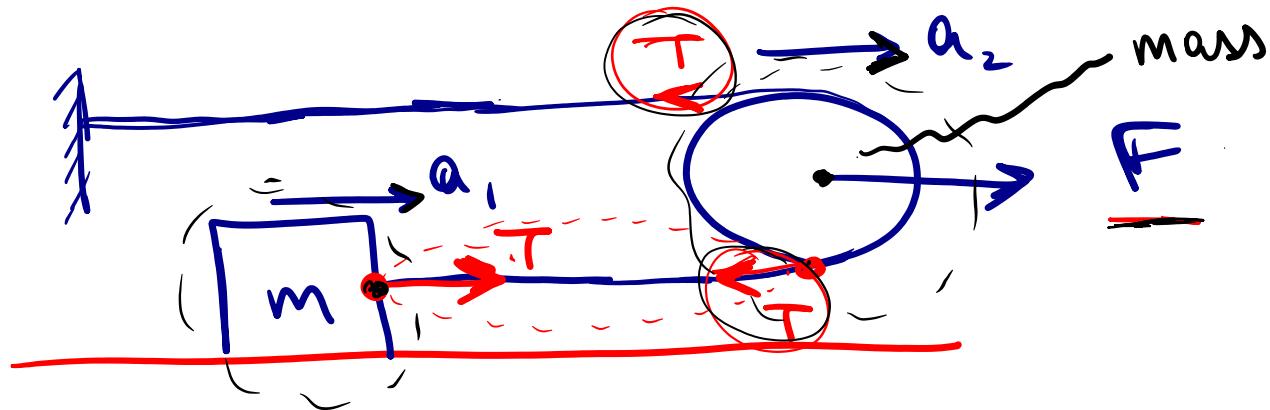
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sum F_{\text{ext}} = ma \\
 & \sum F_{\text{int}} = 0 \\
 & m=0 \\
 & \sum F = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Diagram showing the pulley and masses. The pulley has two strings pulling upwards with force T each. The mass m has an acceleration a_2 downwards. The mass $2m$ has an acceleration a_3 downwards. The pulley has a total force $T + T'$ upwards.

$$2T' = T$$

$$2mg - T' = 2ma_3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a_1, a_2, a_3 \\
 & \sum \vec{F} \cdot \vec{a} = 0 \\
 & \underbrace{T \cdot a_1 + T' \cdot a_2 + T' \cdot a_3 = 0}_{m=0} \\
 & 2T'a_1 + -T'a_2 - T'a_3 = 0 \\
 & \boxed{2a_1 = a_2 + a_3}
 \end{aligned}$$



IMPORTANT POINTS

- 1) Same string \rightarrow Tension is the same
- 2) Tension is always pulling

$$\begin{aligned} M &= 0 \\ \sum F &= 0 \\ T &\leftarrow \quad \quad \quad T \rightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum \underline{T} \cdot \underline{a} = 0$$

$$-2Ta_2 + Ta_1 = 0$$

$$a_1 = 2a_2$$

